

# The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 1740

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30. 1741.



ESTERDAY arriv'd two Mails from France, two from Flanders, and one from Holland; but they bring nothing more material than the King of Prussia's Proposals to the Queen of Hungary and her Majesty's Answer, both which are contained in the Advices of the 27th Instant N. S. from Ra-

son, as follows:

The first Order of his Prussian Majesty was to his Minister the Baron de Borck, which, tho' dated the 15th November, was not notify'd by the Baron till the 10th of December last, and then no Part of it was read the Preamble, whereof a Copy was refused. This Order was grounded upon the Apprehension of an Attack from the Elector of Saxony and another Power. What follows was taken down in Writing with the Consent of the Baron aforesaid and the Count de Gotter, whom it was afterwards read over, and they found it conformable to the King of Prussia's Instructions.

I am ready with all my Forces to guaranty all the Possessions possessed by the House of Austria in Germany, against all Invaders.

For this End I will enter into a strict Alliance with the Courts of Vienna, Russia, and the Maritime Powers.

I will use all my Interest to procure the Imperial Security for the Duke of Lorraine, and to support his Cause against all Opposers, and I dare believe I shall succeed.

To put the Court of Vienna into a good State of Defence, I will immediately furnish it with two Millions of Florins.

You will naturally imagine, that for such substantial Services upon such hard Terms, I ought surely to expect proper Security for indemnifying me from all the Risks I may expose myself to in the Affair I will undertake.

In short, what I want is the entire and absolute Cession of all Silesia, not only as my Right but as my Reward for the Toils and Hazards which I may incur, in a Career that I am enter'd upon for the Safety and Honour of the House of Austria.

Prussian Majesty's Second Dispatch was to the Count de Gotter, and dated the 26th of December.

Your Account dated the 26th Instant, just put into my Hands by Kircheyfen, I have heard how you have treated by the Duke of Lorraine, and in what Manner he has been pleas'd to answer your Proposal. Tho' the said Answer is so sharp and passionate, it seems to cut off all Means of an Accommodation, and leave no Stone unturn'd to induce that Prince to give up his Prejudice upon the Plan and Views I proposed to myself, which really tend to nothing but the Welfare and Security of the Duke and the House of Austria; who may depend on the utmost Assistance I can give them, if they will but satisfy my just Demands on Silesia.

I may even give the Duke of Lorraine to understand that tho' I have demanded the entire Cession of the Province, I may perhaps make some Abatement, and content myself with a Part of that Country; provided the Queen of Hungary will be pleas'd to enter into reasonable and sincere Accommodation with me, and contract strict Engagements that may consist with mutual Interests.

The King also authoris'd the Count de Gotter to declare by Word of Mouth, that his Prussian Majesty was very ready to embrace every Opportunity for settling the Queen of Hungary to maintain the Grandeur of her Family, and to make her amends for the Loss she may sustain upon this Occasion.

The Queen of Hungary's Answer.

As far as can be recollected from the bare Reading of the King of Prussia's Ministers refused to leave Silesia, his Prussian Majesty founds the Entrance of his Troops into Silesia upon the Necessity of guaranteeing the House of Austria against the Designs of other Powers ready to swallow it up, and on the Expediency of sacrificing a Part of their Dominions for saving the rest. Nevertheless, 'tis constant that the Queen's Dominions enjoyed a perfect Tranquillity at the time that his Prussian Majesty enter'd them Sword-in-hand. If this be, as is asserted, the most proper, or rather the only Method to prefer the System of the Empire and the Happiness of all Europe, it will be a hard

Task to conceive what in the World can destroy it.

As to the Offers and Demands which the Prussian Ministers have been pleas'd to leave in Writing, we are very far from slighting the Friendship of his Prussian Majesty, of which we know the Value, and for which we have all the Regard possible; and we are sure we cannot reproach ourselves with having neglected any Opportunity to cultivate it. But without the least Infringement of that Principle, we can't help remarking.

1. That the Band by which all the Members of the Empire are united, founded upon the clearest Stipulation of the Golden Bull, obliges every one of them to assist any one of them who shall be attack'd in the Dominions which make a Part in the Germanick Body; and this is in effect the Substance of his Prussian Majesty's first Proposal, tho' it does not extend so far as the Engagement that results from the Guaranty of the Pragmatick Sanction, with which the whole Empire is charged. If such Bands are not valid, what Security can the House of Austria hope for the future?

2. That the Alliances with Russia and the Maritime Powers, known to all Europe, were in being before the Entrance of the Prussian Troops into Silesia; they are still in being, and 'tis very certain that 'tis the Intention of those Powers to confirm them more and more. Should the Queen therefore lose any Part of her Dominions, when the principal View of those Alliances is to preserve them entire?

3. That the Queen cannot but gratefully acknowledge his Prussian Majesty's good Intentions with regard to the Election of the Emperor. But on the other hand, as the Election ought to be free, and to be made in the Manner prescribed by the Golden Bull, so the Queen is moreover of Opinion, that nothing has a greater Tendency to thwart it than the Disturbances rais'd in the Heart of the Empire.

4. That one Prince never goes to War to force another to accept any Offer of Money. What his Prussian Majesty has already taken from Silesia under pretence of subsisting his Troops there, added to the immense Damage that results from the Ruin of the Country, already surpasses the two Millions that are offered.

The Queen has no manner of Intention to begin her Reign by dismembering her Dominions. She thinks herself oblig'd in Honour and Conscience to maintain the Pragmatick Sanction, against any direct or indirect Infraction of it: And from thence it follows, that she cannot consent to the entire Cession of Silesia, nor of any Part of that Duchy. Nevertheless she is still ready to renew the sincerest Friendship with the King of Prussia, provided it may be done without such direct or indirect Infraction of it, and without injuring the Right of a Third Person, and provided that the Prussian Troops retire without delay from her Dominions. This is, in her Opinion, the only Measure consistent with Equity and Justice, with the Fundamental Laws of the Empire, with the Maintenance of its Constitution, with the Publick Welfare, and the Balance of Power in Europe, and is consequently the only Step that can be conducive to the true Glory of his Prussian Majesty. Her Majesty the Queen makes no Scruple, most earnestly to intreat his Prussian Majesty to embrace this Method; and she even conjures him to it by all the Considerations whatsoever, that may possibly make an Impression upon the Heart of a Great Prince. Nor does she scruple to order this Answer to be communicated to the Ministers of his Prussian Majesty in Writing, to give the stronger Proof of the Sincerity which abounds in the Proceedings of this Court; tho' his Ministers could not be prevail'd on to act in the same Manner.

There is also a very fine Letter at Ratisbon from the King of Prussia to the States of the Empire, to remonstrate the Sincerity of his Intentions with regard to the Queen of Hungary.

They write from Madrid, that the King of Spain gave 5000 Pistoles to the Count de Montijo (who is arriv'd at Paris in his Way to Francfort) for his Equipage: And the Letters mention a Report, that the Pope has granted the King the Levy of the Tenth Penny upon the Estates of all his Clergy; which will bring in several Millions.

From Paris, that the Bishop of Nantes has been so charitable, that for six Weeks past he has maintain'd

at his House in the Country near a Hundred Inhabitants with their Families, who have been reduc'd to Misery by the Inundations.

From Petersbourg, that the Princess Regent has presented the Count de Munich with 100000 Rubles, for his signal Services to the Empire; and has moreover made him a Present of 70000 Rubles, to compleat the Building of his House; as she has also of a noble Piece of Plate: That the General de Bismark, and the two Generals Charles and Gustavus de Biron, Brothers to the Duke of Courland, are gone to Moscow to be transported to Siberia; to which 'tis still thought the Duke will also be banish'd. And that according to some Advices from Persia, a War is like to break out between Kouli Kan and the Grand Seignior, the former having already committed some Hostilities.

Letters of the 20th N. S. from St. Sebastian say, that 5 Ships of the Biscay Company are arriv'd from the Carracas, laden with Cocoa to the Value of 4,440,000 Livres.

## HOME PORTS.

Portsmouth, Jan. 28. Yesterday in the Afternoon sail'd from St. Hellens the Biddeford Man of War, Lord Forrester Commander; the Basilisk Bomb, Capt. Peddie, with several Storeships, for Ireland: And this Morning sail'd the Princess Mary, Martin, for China.

Dover, Jan. 28. Wind E. by S. blows hard. Arriv'd the Sarah, Smith, from Newcastle for New England. She was to have stop'd for several Packets and Letters lodged here for her, but it being then the Tide of Ebb, and a strong Gale of Wind at E. by S. she could not stop without coming to Anchor, which she had no sooner done but she drove and was oblig'd to part with her Anchor and Cable, and went away to the Leeward before the Boat could get off to him with the Letters.

Arriv'd also, the Industry, Johman, from Boston for Hamburgh, last from the Downs; and the John, Burn, from Dublin for Ostend, who are both come into our Pier.

A Ship of near 200 Tons is lost near Dunkirk. She came from Amsterdam bound to the Streights, and was laden with Corn, the Master a Scotsman, but don't know his Name. The Onslow, Balchin, for East India, pass'd by Yesterday.

Deal, Jan. 28. Wind E. Remains his Majesty's Ship Scarborough. Yesterday came down and sail'd thro', the Exon, Bowden, from Newcastle for Topsham, and the Onslow, Balchin, for East India.

Gravesend, Jan. 28. Pass'd by the Plymouth, Anter, from Maryland; the Samuel and Elizabeth, Duncomb, from ditto; the Vernon, Anderson, from Jamaica; and the Charming Betty, Anderson, from Carolina.

Arriv'd at several Ports.

At Dunkirk, the Young Theodore, Vanholm, from Cadiz.

At Amsterdam, the —, James Clark, and the Deborah, Hafelup, from Carolina; and the Kingston, Jones, from Boston.

At Leghorn, the Charming Widow, Macnamara, from Torbay; the Elizabeth, Sunch, from Petersburg; and the Thomas, Haydon, from Yarmouth.

At Naples, the Diamond, Brock, from Leghorn.

At Virginia, the Panther, Underdown, from London.

Arriv'd at Barbados, the Endeavour, Newson, the New Shoreham, Falkingham, the Defiance, Williams, and the Lake, Pharour, all from London.

## L O N D O N. January 30.

A Swedish Ship called the Gothick Lyon, Moreen, in her Passage from Leghorn to Marseilles, was attack'd by two Spanish Privateers off of Toulon, and in the Engagement was blown up, and all on board perished.

The N. S. del Pillar el Rosario y San Antonio, Domingo Calares Goicochea, bound from Maracabo to Cadiz, is lost near Puerto Ricco. The Goods and People sav'd, the Ship entirely lost.

The Europa, Wilson, from Maryland for London, is arriv'd at Bristol. She lost her Anchors and Cables in Biddeford Bay.

Yesterday Morning died, after not above a Day's Illness, Francis Bradshaw, Esq; one of the Secondaries of the Pipe-Office in Gray's-Inn, in which he had been a Clerk from a Youth. He was Brother to Dr. Bradshaw, who dy'd Bishop of Bristol; and he was a Gentleman of so humane a Disposition, so polite in Conversation, and so elegant in his Choice of





that his Death cannot fall of being lamented even by the best of Men.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Recorder, Court of Aldermen, and Sheriffs, waited on the Prince and Princess of Wales at Norfolk-House in St. James's-Square, with their Congratulatory Address on the Birth of a young Princess; and they were most graciously received, and had the Honour of kissing their Royal Highnesses Hands.

The Right Hon. the House of Peers have adjourn'd to Monday next.

And the Hon. House of Commons to Tuesday.

This being the Martyrdom of King Charles I. the Right Rev. Dr. Butler, Lord Bishop of Bristol, is to preach before the House of Peers in Westminster-Abbey.

And Dr. Hutton before the Hon. the House of Commons in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster.

Yesterday Thomas Fenn, of Sudbury in the County of Suffolk, Esq; was married in King Henry VII's Chapel, Westminster-Abbey, to Miss Judith Ford of Abchurch-lane, a beautiful young Lady of great Merit, and a considerable Fortune.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Ralph Jenkinson, Esq; Knight of the Shire for the County of Northumberland, Master of his Majesty's Buck-hounds, to be Governor of Barbados, in the Room of Robert Byng, Esq; deceased.

Likewise to appoint Sir Thomas Hoby, Member of Parliament for Marlow in Bucks, to succeed him as Master of the Buck-hounds.

Yesterday Morning the Corpse of Sir Philip Parker Long, Bart. was carried in great Funeral Pomp from his House in Leicester-fields to be interred amongst his Ancestors near Beccles in Suffolk.

On Wednesday last Joseph Eyles was committed to Newgate by Col. De Veil, for stealing out of the Cellar of Robert Bedwin several Pair of Shoes, four of which were found upon him.

As was Yesterday John Beale and Bridget his Wife, for burglariously entering the House of Mrs. Taylor in Denmark-street, and feloniously taking out of it a great Quantity of Household Goods found upon them.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	08 13	08 47

Bank Stock 140 7-8ths to 141. India Nothing done. South Sea 101 3-4ths to 102. Old Annuity 111 to 1-8th. New ditto 109 1-half. Three per Cent. 98 7-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan 99. Five per Cent. ditto 74 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 88. London Assurance 11. African 10. India Bonds 41. 6s. Premium: Bank Circulation 31. 10s. Prem. Salt Tallics 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 31. 15s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 102 1-4th. Three per Cent. ditto 95. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 110.

This Day is Published,  
(Price FOUR-PENCE.)

## THE OCCASIONAL PAPER, Number II.

On National Delusions.

*Nil erit ulterius quod nostris moribus addat*

*Possit: et eadem cupient facient que minores.*

*Omne in Principis vitiis.* Juv. Sat. I.

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*What have the greatest Part of the Comments and Disputes upon the Laws of God served for, but to make the Meaning more doubtful, and so perplex the Sense? What hath been the Effect of those multiplied, curious Distinctions, and acute Niceties, but Obscurity and Uncertainty, leaving the Words more unintelligible, and the Reader more at a Loss?*

Locke on Hum. Understand. B. III. C. 10. Sect. 12. Printed for John Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Paternoster Row.

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tations and Prayers, suited to the most Necessary and Solemn Occasions: And fitted for Morning and Evening Service for every Day in the Week. With a short Office to be Used Before, At, and After Receiving of the Holy Sacrament. Being the Last Work of the Rev. Mr. Joshua Smith, late Minister of Aldermanbury, and Lecturer of Bow. Price in Sheets 1s. 6d.

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surprising Manner, all internal as well as external Hemorrhages, i. e. it infallibly and quickly stops all bleedings at the Nose or Gums, spitting or vomiting blood, also the immoderate Flux of the Hemorrhoids or bloody Urine or Stools, bleeding of large Wounds, &c. used according to the plain Directions given with it, as appear by the Certificates of several Eminent Physicians, in the large Account of this Medicine, written by the himself, and dedicated to the College of Physicians, &c. before his Death.

It keeps good for many Years, at Sea or on Shore, in all or abroad, i. e. in all Climates, therefore must be universal Useful.

The Doctor not only obtained his Majesty's Letters for the sole Vending of this most Excellent Medicine, but also a Clause in a late Act of Parliament, exempting Medicine from the Inspection of the Censors of the College Physicians, to which all other Medicines are liable.

N. B. Some of the Apothecaries prepare a Stypticum Prefcription of Helvetius, and use it in the Room of Eaton's; but whoever tries both, will soon be perswaded that Our's exceeds theirs in all Respects, in a most remarkable Degree.

Sold, by Licence, at Garraway's Old Shop, Practical School at the Royal Exchange; Mr. R. Bradshaw's Warehouse at the Royal Exchange; Mr. John Potter, Chymist, in Bow-lomew Close; Mr. William Evans, Bookbinder, in Brick-lane; Mr. Hammond, Junr. Bookbinder, at York; Mr. Roe, Bookseller in D. rby; Mr. Raiks, Printer, in Gloucester; Mr. B. Printer, in Northampton; Mr. Thomas Greenhill, Mercantile Bath; Mr. Abree, Printer, at Canterbury; Mr. H. an Apothecary, at Kidderminster; Mrs. T. Trobridge, the keeper, in Exeter; Mr. Hallifax, an Apothecary, at Bath; Mrs. Unett, a Bookbinder, at Wolverhampton; and Bryan, a Printer, at Worcester.

## The so-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS

## Which in a few Days infallibly

HYPOCHONDRIACK MELANCHOLY in Men,

VAPOURS in Women, so as never to return again, let the

so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all

Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediate

striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as removing

the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their

of Symptoms, by which they mimic, by Turns, almost

the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have

Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the

mach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Cruel

stomach and windy Disorders in the first Passages

Belchings, Cholick, Uneasiness in the Bowels, and all

which offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts, the

Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of

confused Thoughts, perturbation Watchings, trouble

Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy

with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions, at

times, Fits, Flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, and

Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Stomach

Tremblings, and Twitchings in the Limbs and other

with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fixed and

dering Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other

innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably

vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms, in their sharpest Paroxysms, are

much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are

prepared from the most valuable Specifics in the

Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the

Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and in the

same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bring the

Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite,

improving the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and

good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and cheerful

regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of

so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy are

are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot,

many Thousands of both Sexes they have perished

evince.

Whoever takes them for 3 Days only, will be sensibly

are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual

Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon

equal them; be careful therefore to have the right

which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the

and Star in Cornhill, near Stocks-Market, at 3s. 6d.

with Directions.



Yesterday arriv'd another Mail, being all that is due from Holland.

Petersbourg, Jan. 3.



H. E. Velt-Marshall Munich's Nephew, Col. Wisdemann, is appointed a Major-General, and Vice Governor of Riga; his Son-in-Law, the Baron de Mengden, President of the Court of Justice there, and his Brother Director-General of the Domains in Livonia.

The Prince of Hesse-Hombrighausen has all the Pay of Great Master of the Ordinance, the Physician who cur'd the Count de Munich is to have one Moiety of the Estate in Ingria belonging to General Gustavus de Biron. The Count de Solms, Brother of Count Munich's Sons-in-Law, is nominated a Potentiary to the Court of Dresden. And, 'tis said that the King of Poland intends to offer the Polish Order of Knighthood, which was worn by the two Czarinas Catherine and Anne, to the Prince of Hesse-Hombrighausen, who marry'd one of the Count's Daughters. The Senate, in the Name of the Emperor, and with the Consent of the States of Courland, have declar'd that Duke to have forfeited his Title, and have deposed him from all other Employments and Dignities. He will know the rest of his Fate about a Week hence. At the same time his Furniture, Horses, Coaches, and Equipage are expos'd to Sale.

Warsaw, Jan. 3. N. S. By the Sentence which is arriv'd from Court, the Count Charles de Biron is condemn'd to be degraded from his Title and Employments, to have his Estate confiscated, and to be banish'd to Siberia. Yesterday two close Waggonss arriv'd here, guarded by 100 Dragoons, in one of which was the Count Gustavus de Biron, and in the other General Bismarck late Governor of Riga, who set out this Day for Banishment also to Siberia. Prisoners are expected from Petersbourg to be sent hither likewise, with others that remain here. An Inventory has been sent to Court of the Count de Biron's Effects, consisting of costly Furniture, Jewels, Plate, and a great deal of Cash.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 21. N. S. The Prussian Ministers and Secretary of the Embassy are all three retired from Court, and the Secretary of the Spanish Embassy is gone to Madrid. The Great Duchess of Russia has writ to the Queen, that she has caus'd it to be declar'd to the Prussian Minister at Petersburg, that she will not sit still and see the Queen of Hungary lose even a Part of the Dominions she has a Title to by the Pragmatick Sanction. The Russian Minister at the Court of Saxony is ordered to make the same declaration there, and the Saxon and Palatin Electors several of the Ecclesiastick Princes have again assur'd the Court of their Resolution to contribute to the Maintenance of the Constitutions of the Empire.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 12. N. S. On the 9th 6000 Prussians and 7 Companies of Prince Lichtenstein's Dragoons and Companies of Grenadiers, but tho' they lost a many Men yet they were so continually reinforced that Men thought fit to retire.

The Utrecht Gazette has the following Letter from the Queen of Hungary to his Britannick Majesty, which is to have been deliver'd to the King by her Envoy Extraordinary the Count d'Ostein, in a private Audience.

Most Serene Prince, The Discovery of the Mistake concerning the Will of the late Emperor Ferdinand I. seem'd to have preserv'd the Preservation of the Peace and Tranquillity of the Empire; and all the Christian Princes whom I concern'd were equally pleas'd with the happy Situation and Prospect of Affairs, when the said Tranquillity and the publick Safety were disturb'd by a Prince from whom it was least expected.

The King of Prussia, in contempt of the repeated Instances which he gave me of his Inclination to maintain a constant Friendship with me; in contempt of that which he own'd to be my Right of Succession in the Hereditary Kingdoms and Dominions; in contempt of the Laws of the Empire, of the public Peace, of what is prescrib'd upon that Head in the First Article of the Golden Bull; in contempt in short of the Divine and Human; and in violation of the

Bands which serve for the Basis of Civil Society; that Prince, I say, has at the Head of a numerous Army, in the midst of Winter, attack'd and invaded the Duchy of Silesia, without any previous Representation, and without having made the least Mention to me or my Ministers, of his pretended Rights, of which however he cannot alledge any but what have been abolished or extinguished by solemn Conventions.

Friendship is made use of as a Cloak to cover the most dangerous Designs, and to put them in Execution with a surprizing Rapidity. The past Ages can't parallel an Enterprize of this Nature; those to come will hardly give Credit to it; and the very Writing produc'd to colour this Proceeding will shew the Injustice of it.

Mean time, I have neglected nothing to convince the King of Prussia of my sincere Disposition to cultivate his Friendship. With this View I sent the Marquis de Botta to him, to concert and settle the most proper Measures for tying the Bands of that Friendship, and good Neighbourhood. The Instructions of that Minister were only limited by the bare Restriction of not contracting Engagements that might be prejudicial to any one whatsoever, or contrary to the Pragmatick Sanction, so solemnly guaranteed by the late King of Prussia at the Dyet of the Empire. These Advances on my Side had no more Effect than the Representations of several Princes. The Opportunity which offer'd so favourable to Views already form'd, the Design of invading another's Patrimony, and the Desire of disturbing the Peace of his Neighbours, prevail'd with him above all other Considerations. Consequently let any one judge what Fate other Dominions may expect, if those Princes who have the Peace and Safety of the Publick at heart, don't unite their Forces and Counsels to stop the Course of such Enterprizes.

My Interests are not the only ones at Stake upon this Occasion, but those of the whole Empire, and of all Christendom. Setting Private Interest aside, it is the General Interest of all the Christian Princes, not to suffer the Bands of Civil Society to be broke with Impunity. I know your Majesty has the same Sentiments as I have upon this Head, and that you have nothing more at heart than to preserve a Union in the Empire: And as that Union is expos'd to extreme Danger, I don't pause one Moment to have Recourse to your Majesty, whose Friendship, Alliance, and Royal Word I depend on, as well as your constant Cares for the Publick Tranquillity; to the End that by virtue of that Friendship which I shall always carefully cultivate, and of the Alliances which unite us, it may please your Majesty speedily to concert with me the surest Measures to cut up the Evil by the Roots, before it festers and spreads farther.

As for my Part, I shall oppose the present Danger with all the Forces that God has put into my Hands. I expect no other Reward for my Efforts for the Common Cause, but two Things: An entire Reparation of the Damages I may have suffer'd, as well as my Subjects, and the Foreigners that have depended on the Mortgage of Silesia; and proper Securities against being expos'd to such Enterprizes hereafter. &c.

N. B. The Queen of Hungary's Letter to the States-General is in the same Terms, *mutatis mutandis*.

#### HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, Jan. 27. The William, Wilson, from Virginia for this Port, is lost near Carnarvan Bay last Week in the bad Weather, the Hands all sav'd. A small Vessel, Oliver Garner Master, from the Isle of Man for this Place, is lost near Wisewater, the People and Passengers, 13 in Number, are all lost.

Tenby, Jan. 25. Yesterday put into this Pier the Nassau of London, Spilman; he was bound from London for Falmouth to load Pilchards, and forc'd by bad Weather up this Channel. Came in also the Windham, Atkinson, from Jamaica for London, but lost from Ilfordcomb in this Channel.

Plymouth, Jan. 27. Remain the Kent and Grafton Men of War. Nothing came in since my last. The Wind blows a Storm at E.

Dartmouth, Jan. 27. Yesterday Morning sail'd hence the Catherine, Baker, of and from Biddeford for Guernsey, and I believe got thither by Night, he having a fine Gale at W. N. W. the Wind is this Day come

to the Eastward. The John and Robert Tender still remains.

Pool, Jan. 28. Came in the William, Thompson, and the William and Thomas, Lander, from London. A fresh Gale of Wind at E. S. E.

Southampton, Jan. 29. Since my last came in the Expedition Packet, Mourant, and the Two Marys, Gordon, both from Guernsey; the Martha of Hamble, Purkess, from Cork for Dunkirk. Wind E.

Dual, Jan. 29. Wind E. S. E. Remains in the Downs only the Scarborough Man of War.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Lancaster, the Globe, Thompson, from Barbados and Cork.

At Whitehaven, the Southwell, Culling, and the Vine, Murray, both from Virginia.

At Cowes, the George and Ann, Brown, from South Carolina.

At Biddeford, the Kent, Bailey, from New England.

At St. Valery, the Lion, Lamlane, from Bilbao.

At Havre, the Countess of Maurepas, —, from Martineque.

At Copenhagen, for London, the Sufanna and Sarah, Belfour, from Dantzick.

At Amsterdam, the Lady Margaret, Baarns, and the Lady Elizabeth, Vinck, from London; the Brunswick, Paine, and the —, D. Quast, from Carolina.

LONDON, January 31.

They write from Naples, that the King of Spain has remitted a Million and half of Pieces of Eight to Genoa, for the Spanish Forces that are to pass into Tuscany and Lombardy.

From Rome, that the Pope has granted Passage to some German Troops that are going to reinforce the Garisons in Tuscany.

From Olmutz in Moravia, that General Brown has repuls'd 5000 Prussians that were advancing towards Glatz: And from Prague in Bohemia, that two Bodies of a Detachment of 18000 Prussians marching to scale that Town on the 8th Inst. N. S. at Night met in the Forrest of Warth, and engag'd each other by Mistake, by which many of their own Men kill'd one another, and they did not discover it till they were retired to Warth.

Last Sunday Se'nnight the King of Prussia and his Brother Prince William return'd from the Army in Silesia to Berlin, in perfect Health.

On the 12th Instant the Duchess of Saxe-Weimar was deliver'd of a Prince.

We hear that his Britannick Majesty has notify'd the Birth of the young Princess Elizabeth by a Letter to the States General.

Mynheer Bruno Vander Duffen, who was one of the States Plenipotentiaries at Gertruydenburg and Utrecht, and who had been Pensionary at Gouda 54 Years, dy'd there last Thursday Se'nnight.

The Plague makes great Havock still at Constantinople.

The Mary and Betty, Crofts, bound from Carolina to Liverpool, was lately lost on the Coast of Lancashire.

Last Thursday Night died in the 19th Year of her Age, at her Father's House in Queen-square, Miss Anderson, Daughter of Sir Steven Anderson, Bart.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Pomfret is daily expected to arrive from France, being appointed Colonel of a Regiment of Dragoons.

Yesterday in the Afternoon Six Soldiers were committed to Newgate by Col. Williamson, Deputy-Governor of the Tower, on the Oath of one of their Comrades, for stealing Two Bullocks, and a great Number of Sheep, most of which they kill'd and took away their Fat, leaving the Carcasses and Skins behind. 'Tis said that upwards of Thirty belonging to the Second Regiment of Foot Guards are in this Gang, and that great Search is making for the others.

Yesterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships were pleas'd to put into Commission the Greenwich, a 90 Gun Ship lying at Chatham, and gave the Command thereof to Capt. Mead.

On Thursday last Mr. Gray, a Gentleman of a good Estate at Hackney, was found drown'd in a little Brook leading from Hackney to Newington. There are various Reports concerning his Death.

On Thursday last William Oxtown otherwise Chum, a Hackney Coachman, was committed to New Prison by Col. De Veil, upon the Oath of Mr. William Carleton, for being concerned in a Street Robbery with two others.



other Persons not yet taken, in Wych-street, upon which Occasion the said Mr. Carleton was so wounded and bruised that his Life is despaired of.

The same Day Elizabeth Humphreys was committed to Newgate by the same Gentleman, for stealing from Mrs. Mary Williams upwards of 28 l. in Money.

The Register of this present Lottery kept by Mr. Wilson, at the oldest Lottery-Office at Charing-Cross, having with indefatigable Industry been examin'd Number by Number, and the Prizes carefully compared with the Accounts published by Order of the Commissioners, is at this time allowed by all to be of the best Authority, several People having there found their Numbers to be Prizes which before they had esteemed as Blanks; therefore it is advisable that no Person part with their supposed Blank Tickets without a Re-examination. He pays off the Prizes on Sight.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	09 23	10 01

Bank Stock 140 1-half. India 156 to 155 to 1-4th. South Sea 102 to 101 3-4ths. Old Annuity 111 1-4th to 111. New ditto 109 1-half. Three per Cent. 98 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan 99. Five per Cent ditto 74 3-4ths to 1-half. Royal Assurance 88. London Assurance 11. African 10. India Bonds 41. 6s. to 5s. Premium. Bank Circulation 31. 10s. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 31. 15s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 102 1-4th. Three per Cent. ditto 95. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 110.

East-India House, January 28, 1740.

**THE** Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, Do hereby give Notice to the Manufacturers of Saltpetre, That they will put up to Sale on Tuesday the 3d of February next, Two Thousand Five Hundred Bags of Saltpetre.

**WHEREAS** Thomas Brooks, one of the Executors to Fairfax Rainer, deceased, who lately kept the Crown Inn in Swaffham in the County of Norfolk, is married to the Widow of the said Fairfax Rainer; This is to give Notice, that he intends to keep the said Inn, where all Gentlemen may depend upon meeting with good Reception.

To be LETT,

And enter'd on at Lady-Day next, at Ten Pounds per Annum.

**THE FLEECE-INN**, in Hallshead, Essex, Being a Well-accustomed House, with Good Stabling, and near the Market-Place. Enquire at the said House, or of Mr. Edward Moyley, at Maplestead near Hallshead aforesaid.

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**THE Danger of Writing VERSE.**

An Epistle.

By Mr. WHITEHEAD, of Clare-Hall, Cambridge.

*Qua potest unquam satis expurgare cicuta,*

*Ni melius dymitragitem quam scribere versus?*

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*Quis iniqua*

*Tam patienti Urbis, tam Ferreus, ut teneat se?* Sat. 1. Printed for DAN. BROWN, at the Black Swan without Temple-Bar.

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